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GREENBLUM & BERNSTEIN, P.L.C.			CHANG, SUNRAY	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/832,107 MIYANAGA, HIRC		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Sunray Chang	2121	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of thind will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO ute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	n.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11	April 2001		
	nis action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	vance except for formal mat	•	3
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest is/are allowed. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami			
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 11 April 2001 is/are:			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	***	, ,	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	· ·	•	d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in a riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 06022002. 		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-15 are presented for examination.

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

Claims 1 - 15 are rejected.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed

in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article

21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1, 5 – 8, 10 – 11, and 13 – 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kiyoshi Toyoda (U.S. Patent No. 6,094,277, and referred to as Toyoda_1998 hereinafter).

- 3. Regarding independent claim 1, Toyoda 1998 teaches,
- An electronic mail communication apparatus. [Col. 2, Line 51 53]
- An electronic mail transmitter [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55] that transmits image
 data to a destination via a mail server [Col. 2, Line 55 56];

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An image data memory [memory, Col. 2, Line 57] that stores [buffered, Col. 2, Line 57] the image data [email data, Col. 2, Line 56 – 57] to be transmitted [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55];

- A memory that stores a capacity of the mail server [Col. 4, Line 11 13]; and
- A controller [output destination decision section, Fig. 1] that determines, before the electronic mail transmitter transmits the image data, whether an amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds a capacity of the mail server, and that generates error information, when the amount of the image data exceeds the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 44].

4. Regarding dependent claim 5,

- Capacity memory stores a plurality of sets of data; each of the sets of data includes a
 destination [header, sender address, Col. 4, Line 40] and the capacity of the mail server
 [capacity, Col. 4, Line 10 13] through which the image data is passed when the image data
 is transmitted to the destination.
- Controller determines whether the amount of the image data exceeds the capacity of the mail server corresponding to the destination, by reference to the said capacity memory. [Col. 5,
 Line 40 – 44]

5. Regarding dependent claim 6,

• A scanner that scans image data [2, Fig. 2 and Col. 3, Line 19 - 21]; and

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A facsimile transmitter [FAX, Fig. 1] that transmits [transfer, Col. 3, Line 10] the scanned image data [opened image information, Col. 3, Line 10] to a destination [destination, Col. 3, Line 9] via a public telephone line [PSTN, Fig. 1].

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6. Regarding independent claim 7,

- An electronic mail communication apparatus. [Col. 2, Line 51 53]
- An electronic mail transmitter [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55] that transmits image data to a destination via a transmission mail server [Col. 2, Line 55 56], and a reception mail server [Col. 2, Line 56 57];
- An image data memory [memory, Col. 2, Line 57] that stores [buffered, Col. 2, Line 57] the image data [email data, Col. 2, Line 56 57] to be transmitted [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55];
- A capacity memory that stores a capacity of the transmission and reception mail servers [Col.
 2, Line 55 57]; and
- The capacity stored being a smaller of the capacity [Col. 4, Line 10 13] of the transmission and reception mail server [Col. 2, Line 55 57];
- A controller [output destination decision section, Fig. 1] that determines, before the electronic mail transmitter transmits the image data, whether an amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds a capacity of the mail server, and that generates error information, when the amount of the image data exceeds the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 44].

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7. Regarding independent claim 8,

- An electronic mail communication apparatus. [Col. 2, Line 51 53]
- An electronic mail transmitter [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55] that transmits image
 data to a destination via a mail server [Col. 2, Line 55 56];
- An image data memory [memory, Col. 2, Line 57] that stores [buffered, Col. 2, Line 57] the image data [email data, Col. 2, Line 56 57] to be transmitted [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55];
- A capacity memory that stores a capacity of the mail server [Col. 4, Line 11 13]; and
- A controller [output destination decision section, Fig. 1] that determines, before the electronic mail transmitter transmits the image data, whether an amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds a capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 40].
- Processing the image data to reduce the amount of the image data when the amount of the image data exceeds the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 64 65].

8. Regarding dependent claim 10,

■ The controller divides the image data to reduce the amount of the image data [Col. 5, Line 64 – 65].

9. Regarding independent Claim 11,

An electronic mail transmitter [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55] that transmits image
 data to a destination via a mail server [Col. 2, Line 55 – 56];

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■ An image data memory [memory, Col. 2, Line 57] that stores [buffered, Col. 2, Line 57] the image data [email data, Col. 2, Line 56 – 57] to be transmitted [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55];

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- A memory that stores a capacity of the mail server [Col. 4, Line 11 13]; and
- A controller [output destination decision section, Fig. 1] that determines, before the electronic mail transmitter transmits the image data, whether an amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds a capacity of the mail server.
- Each of the sets of data including an address of a mail server [header, sender address, Col. 4, Line 40] and a capacity of the mail server [capacity, Col. 4, Line 10 13].
- That refers to said mail server table to replace the predetermined address of the mail server with another address of a connectable mail server of the plurality of mail servers having a higher capacity so that the image data can be transmitted via the mail server having a capacity larger than the amount of the image data, when the amount of the image data exceeds the capacity of the mail server having the predetermined address [Col. 3, Line 6 13].

10. Regarding independent claim 13,

- Accepting image data [2, Fig. 1];
- Determines, before the electronic mail transmitter transmits the image data, whether an amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds a capacity of the mail server, and that generates error information, when the amount of the image data exceeds the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 44].

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 Transmitting the image data when the amount of the image data to be transmitted is not larger than the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 – 44].

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11. Regarding independent claim 14,

- Accepting image data [2, Fig. 1];
- Determines, before the electronic mail transmitter transmits the image data, whether an amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds a capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 44].
- Processing the image data to reduce the amount of the image data when the amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 64-65];
- Transmitting the image data when the transmission data amount of the image data is not larger than the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 44].

12. Regarding independent claim 15,

- Accepting image data [2, Fig. 1];
- Determines, before the electronic mail transmitter transmits the image data, whether an amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds a capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 44].
- Changing from the predetermined mail server to an other connectable mail server having a server capacity higher than the amount of the image data to be transmitted, when the amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds the capacity of the predetermined mail server [Col. 3, Line 6 13];

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■ Transmitting the image data when the amount of the image data to be transmitted is not larger than the limit capacity of the predetermined mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 – 44]; and

Transmitting the image data through the connectable mail server having a server capacity higher than the amount of image data to be transmitted, when the amount of image data to be transmitted exceeds the capacity of the predetermined mail server [Col. 3, Line 6-13].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 13. Claims 2 4, 9, and 11 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Toyoda_1998, and in view of Kiyoshi Toyoda (U.S. Patent No. 6,778,287, and referred to as Toyoda 1999 hereinafter).

(Toyoda_1998 as set forth above generally discloses the basic inventions.)

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14. **Regarding dependent Claim 2,** Toyoda_1998 teaches error indication [error type data] when the amount of the image data is larger than the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 – 44].

Toyoda 1998 does not teach a speaker.

Toyoda_1999 teaches a speaker [Col. 13, Line 55] for the purpose of generating a sound.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the teaching of Toyoda_1998 to include "a speaker" with the motivation being to provide for the purpose of generating a sound.

15. **Regarding dependent Claim 3**, Toyoda_1998 teaches deciding whether the image data will be transmitted or the image data transmission will be prevented when the amount of the image data exceeds the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 – 44].

Toyoda_1998 does not teach a display that displays a selectable option.

Toyoda_1999 teaches a display [Col. 16, Line 25] that displays a selectable option [destination list, Col. 16, Line 33 – 34] for the purpose of enabling a destination list to be indicated.

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It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the teaching of Toyoda_1998 to include "a display that displays a selectable option" for the purpose of enabling a destination list to be indicated.

16. **Regarding dependent Claim 4**, Toyoda_1998 teaches when it is decided that the image data will be transmitted, the electronic mail transmitter transmits the image data within the capacity, and the controller sets a stop flag to indicate that a remainder of the image data will be transmitted later [Col. 5, Line 37 – 44].

17. Regarding dependent Claim 9,

Toyoda_1998 teaches controller processes the image data to reduce the amount of the image data [Col. 5, Line 64-65].

Toyoda 1998 does not teach converting a resolution of the image data.

Toyoda_1999 teaches converting a resolution [format converter, Fig. 1] of the image data for the purpose of transferring binary image data.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the teaching of Toyoda_1998 to include "converting a resolution of the image data" for the purpose of transferring binary image data.

18. Regarding independent Claim 12,

Toyoda_1998 teaches

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- An electronic mail communication apparatus. [Col. 2, Line 51 53]
- A scanner that scans image data [2, Fig. 2 and Col. 3, Line 19 21]; and
- An electronic mail transmitter [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55] that transmits image data to a destination via a mail server [Col. 2, Line 55 56];
- An image data memory [memory, Col. 2, Line 57] that stores [buffered, Col. 2, Line 57] the image data [email data, Col. 2, Line 56 57] to be transmitted [transmission section, Col. 2, Line 55];
- A memory that stores a capacity of the mail server [Col. 4, Line 11 13]; and
- A controller [output destination decision section, Fig. 1] that determines, before the electronic mail transmitter transmits the image data, whether an amount of the image data to be transmitted exceeds a capacity of the mail server, and that generates error information, when the amount of the image data exceeds the capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 37 44].
- Controller transmits data via the mail server when the amount of the image data is not larger than the limit capacity of the mail server [Col. 5, Line 64 65].

Toyoda_1998 does not teach converts the image data into a format for transmission.

Toyoda_1999 teaches converts the image data into a format [format converter, Fig. 1] for transmission.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the teaching of Toyoda_1998 to include "converts the image data into a format for transmission" for the purpose of transmission.

Conclusion

- 19. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Yoshiura (U.S. Patent No. 6,785,017) discloses an email server, an attached file, an error message, converting, a FAX, a display device, and a facsimile processing. Kennedy (U.S. Patent No. 6,134,582) discloses a mail message, a database, a size restriction, a SMTP, a MIME.
- 20. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sunray Chang whose telephone number is 703-305-8744 or after October 12, 2004 at (571) 272-3682. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Knight can be reached on (703)308-3179 or after October 12, 2004 at (571) 272-3687. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-746-3506.

Sunray Chang
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welf to

October 1, 2004